## Table of Wheat Varieties Grown in England during the 18<sup>th</sup> Century – compiled by Ian Menkins 2015.

Marilanda (CDIC)	C-1 4740 (1110)	La	0	l <del>e</del> t	T. II 4754 (180)	Contract for the	n I 4700	1.1	V 4000 /C 111/
Modern taxonomy (GRIS)	Salmon 1710 (UK)	Morton 1712 (Northamptonshire, UK)	Bradley 1727 (UK)	Threlkeld and Molyneux 1727 (Ireland)	Tull 1751 (UK)	Society for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce 1767 (UK)	Bowler 1786	Johnson 1788 (UK)	Young 1808 (Sussex, UK)
Triticum aestivum L. (2n=42). Genom	Triticum album muticum; Siligo, vel	Triticum Spica & granis albis,		Triticum spica, and granis	Lammas	Awnless (or "Dodred");			Common white wheat?
A(u)BD	Triticum album Spica mutica	J. R. White Wheat;	albis J. Raii. H. spica mutica Ger.	albis. White Wheat, or Lammas		Common wheat?		White Wheat	
cv. White Lammas (LV)	White wheat without Beard or Awns.	White Lammas	Egg-shell wheat (Essex),	Wheat without awns.					
		(Northamptonshire), Silver Wheat;							
		In some Places Flaxen Wheat							
Triticum aestivum L. (2n=42). Genom	Triticum muticum, Triticum rubrum	Triticum Spica & granis	Triticum spica & granis	Triticum spica & granis		Awnless (or "Dodred")		Trebium Aestivum	Red Lammas
A(u)BD	spica mutica.	rubentibus, J. R. Syn. Stirp.	rubentibus Raii H.	rubentibus		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Red Wheat	
cv. Red Lammas (LV)	Red wheat without awns.	Br. Red Wheat, in some places	Red Wheat, Kentish Wheat	Red Wheat, in some places Kentish Wheat					
		Kentish Wheat;	(Hartfordshire/Oxfordshir						
		Red Lammas (Northhamptonshire)	(e)						
As above, possibly a sporadic mutant.		Triticum rubrum Spica alba , J. R.							
		Red Wheat with a white Ear							
		(intermediate between White and Red Lammas)							
As above possibly a sporadic mutant.		Chiltern wheat (as above, but							
		a white Straw with both grain and ear reddish)							
Triticum turgidum (L.) Thell. (2n=28); Genom A(u)B	Triticum arista spicata.	Trtiticum aristatum Spica.	Tricitum grano albo glumis hirsutis	Cone wheat.	Cone. [Tull differentiates Grey-	English wheat; Bearded wheat; Summer wheat.		Summer wheat; April wheat	
	Bearded wheat		Mouse-dun-wheat		cone from White-			Wileat	
cv. April Bearded (LV), Cone (LV), Summer (LV), English (LV), Pollard			(Essex); Poll-revet (sic).		cone]; bearded wheat	"Barbary wheat" is a kind of cone wheat.			
(LV), Poulard (LV), Duck-bill (LV).									
nb. Sometimes Called Fern wheat,									
Pole-rivet, Cane wheat, or Awny wheat in early 19th Century.									
Some of the old bearded and "Fern"									
wheats are today recognized as Triticum aestivum L.									
White form of above.	Triticum album Aristis Munitum vel	Triticum aristatum Spica			White-cone		White-cone		
Triticum turgidum (L.) Thell. (2n=28);	Aristis Spicatus.	maxima alba, glumis minor birfutis, Morton.							
Genom A(u)B	White wheat with bearded ears.	White Wheat, White Pollard.							
cv. White Bearded (LV), White Cone		[incidental in fields of Gray							
(LV), Summer (LV), English (LV), White Pollard (LV), Poulard (LV), Duck-bill		Pollard and others]							
(LV).									
nb. Sometimes Called Fern wheat,									
Pole-rivet, Cane wheat, or Awny wheat in early 19th Century.									
As above, just a red variant. There		Triticum aristis	Triticum aristis	Red-eared bearded wheat.		"Red-stalked wheat";			
were grey, white, red, and blue variants of Cone wheat and many	arista spicata.	circumvallatum , &c. J. R. Red-ear'd bearded Wheat	circumvallatum, granis & spica rubentibus, glumas			Spring wheat?			
were selected to form independent	Red bearded wheat	No sero data da da casa da	levibus & splendentibus						
cultivars. The red variety was generally regarded as a winter wheat.		"a Kind that does not naturally cast its Awns:" p.	Raii. Synop. Plant. aristis circumvallatum, Ger.						
Some of the bearded and "Fern" wheats are today recognized as		477	Park. Red bearded wheat						
Triticum aestivum L.									
As above, just a grey variant. There were grey, white, red, and blue	Salmon insists that the Grey variant of cone wheat is distinct from Spelt (also	Triticum aristatum Spica maxima cinericea, glumis	Triticum aristatum spicâ maximâ cinericeâ glumis	Gray Wheat, Ducksbill Wheat, and Gray Pollard.	Grey-cone		Grey-cone		
variants of Cone wheat and many	called "Greek wheat" or "Zea"), with which, he says, it had previously been	birfutis, J. R. Gray Wheat, Gray Pollard, in	hirsutis, Raii Synop. Plant. And Triticum tiphinum,						
were selected to form independent cultivars.	confused. However he causes further	some Places Duck-bill	Ger.						
	confusion by erroneously claiming that spelt should always have its "Ear	Wheat, in others Dunover, and Furmity Wheat. [A bird	Gray pollard						
	Naked" (i.e. should not have beard or	resistant selection of Grey							
	awns).	wheat with a close and thick husk is also mentioned]							
Triticum polonicum L. (2n=28); Genom A(u)B syn. Triticum ispahanicum			Triticum majus gluma foliacea Raii Synop. Plant.	Polonian Wheat.		<u></u>			
Heslot (2n=28); Genom A(u)B			App. Poloniæ D. Bobert						
Probably referable to Triticum			oblongo semine, C. B. speciosum grano oblongo						
turgidum (L.) Thell. (2n=28); Genom			I. B. Polony Wheat						
A(u)B			(Worcestershire)						
cv. Polish wheat (LV)									
n.b. The Worcestershire variety was									
referred to specifically by the name Triticum polonicum in Robert Plot's									
The Natural History of StaffordShire. Theater, 1686, p. 206.									
·	*Trible on some court the December 1	Telainean Coinn 18 - 12 - 1	Telsiones enter	Manus Formed Marine	Tuition on Co'	Consesso	Canada -	Canada a sub*	
Of confusing and contentious taxonomic classification, as it is of	"Triticum ramosum the Branched or Manifold Eared Wheat, which	Triticum Spica multiplici, C. B.	Triticum spica multiplici Ger. Park.	Many Eared Wheat.	Triticum Spica multiplici.	Smyrna	Smyrna	Smyrna wheat	
dubious origins and probably relates to occasional sporadic mutants in	Tabernemontanus calls Triticum Tiphinum Spica multipliei which for all	Many-ear'd Wheat; Whole	Double-eared wheat		Smyrna. [Tull also notes an incidental				
fields rather than entire cultivars as	I know may be a Species of the Tipha	Clump-ear'd Wheat.	(Essex)		Wheat that has many				
such. It also appears to be of mixed identity, with some selected seed	or Tipha Cerealis of Dodoneus, their Descriptions are so nearly alike." p.				little Ears coming out of Two Sides of the				
being of Triticum turgidum (L.) Thell.,	1249				main Ear; but this is				
while others belong to Triticum aestivum L Yet it was evidently	"This seems to be a Species of				very late to ripen, and of lower quality]				
much discussed in texts of the 1700s, and seed coveted and highly sought.	Dodoneus's Tipha or Triticum Tiphinum which by the Description								
But by the mid-1800s it is seldom	thereof can be no other than our								
discussed in serious scientific journals.	Beardeded Red Wheat. It is thus Described. Tipha rises up with a single								
cv. Smyrna, Many-headed, Many-	and slender Stalk or Straw, the Ear is long and round, Bearded with long								
Spiked, Hen and Chickens, Multi-	hard sharp Awns, somewhat closely								
spiked, Jerusalem, King Tut, Mummy, Egyptian Mummy, Syrian-Taos,	set together and the Grain is small and light, but hard, and of a redder color								
Miracle, Wild Goose, Eldorado.	than other Wheat, enclosed in divers Chaffy Husks. This seems to me to be								
	Our Red Wheat before Described." p.								
Triticum aestivum L. var. spelta (L.)	1250 Spelt, Spelt Corn, Greek Wheat, Zea					Spelt			
Fiori syn. Triticum aestivum L. subsp.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
spelta (L.) Thell. Syn. Triticum spelta L. (2n=42); Genom A(u)BD									
Spelt.									
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